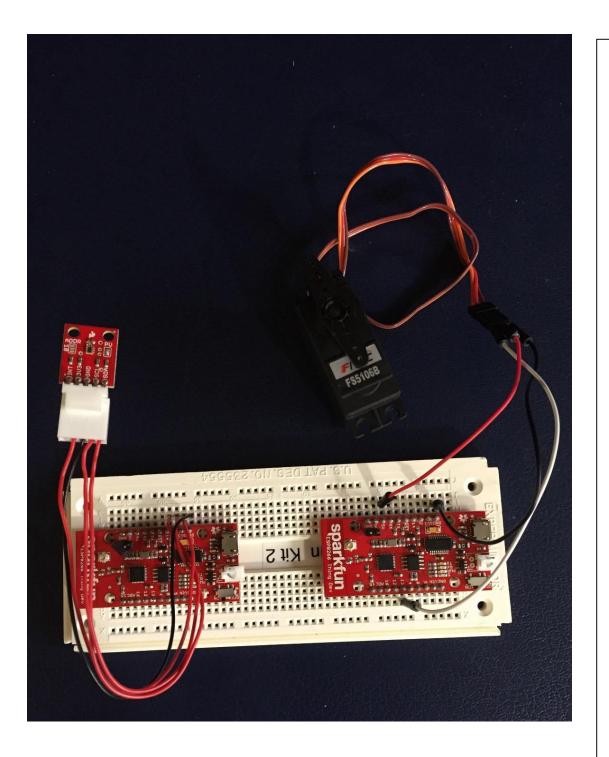
From Development...

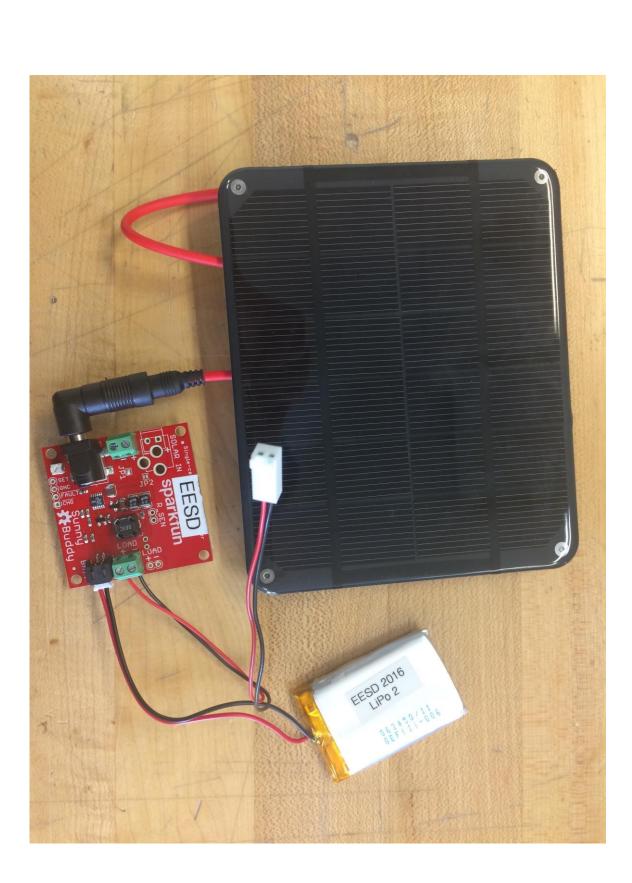


Phase I – Prototyping

- Determined and acquired appropriate sensors (breakout boards) and other hardware for testing purposes
- Learned how to communicate with an ESP Wi-Fi module through an MQTT web-server (publish – subscribe, cloud based communication protocol) Sensors include HTU21D, TSL2561, and MPL3115A2 (I2C)

Phase II – Powering

- Performed necessary power calculations
- Decided to power weather station with LiPo battery and solar charger (SparkFun Sunny Buddy – LT3652)
- Implemented TPS61201 DC-DC Converter for regulated voltage to ESP12 and various sensors
- 5V regulated wall adapter power supply was implemented to operate the indoor board (servo motor)



●●●○○ Verizon 🗢 23:43 1	94%
Please pick one of the following:	
	••••• Verizon <a> 23:43 ✓ 94% ✓ Back +
	Blinds Controller
	Manual Control:
Blinds Controller	Blinds to Control:
	All Blinds Bedroom Blinds Kitchen Blinds
	Close Open
	Automated Control:
Weather Station	Turning on automated control will disable manual control and control the blinds based on environmental factors.
	OFF ON

Phase III – App Development Used Xcode to develop iOS mobile phone

- application
- Integrated sensors and blinds motor with userfriendly app displays and controls (manual and automatic)
- Coded ability to add multiple blinds within any home setup

BING VEVTOSCIEENCE

Caitlin Gruis, Enrick Hinlo, and Christopher Ravasio

Features

Automated Blinds

- Adjust based on light data from the weather station, or can be controlled by the user via mobile app
- Can control one set of blinds or multiple throughout home

Real-Time Weather Station

Takes in temperature, humidity, pressure, and light data

Solar Power

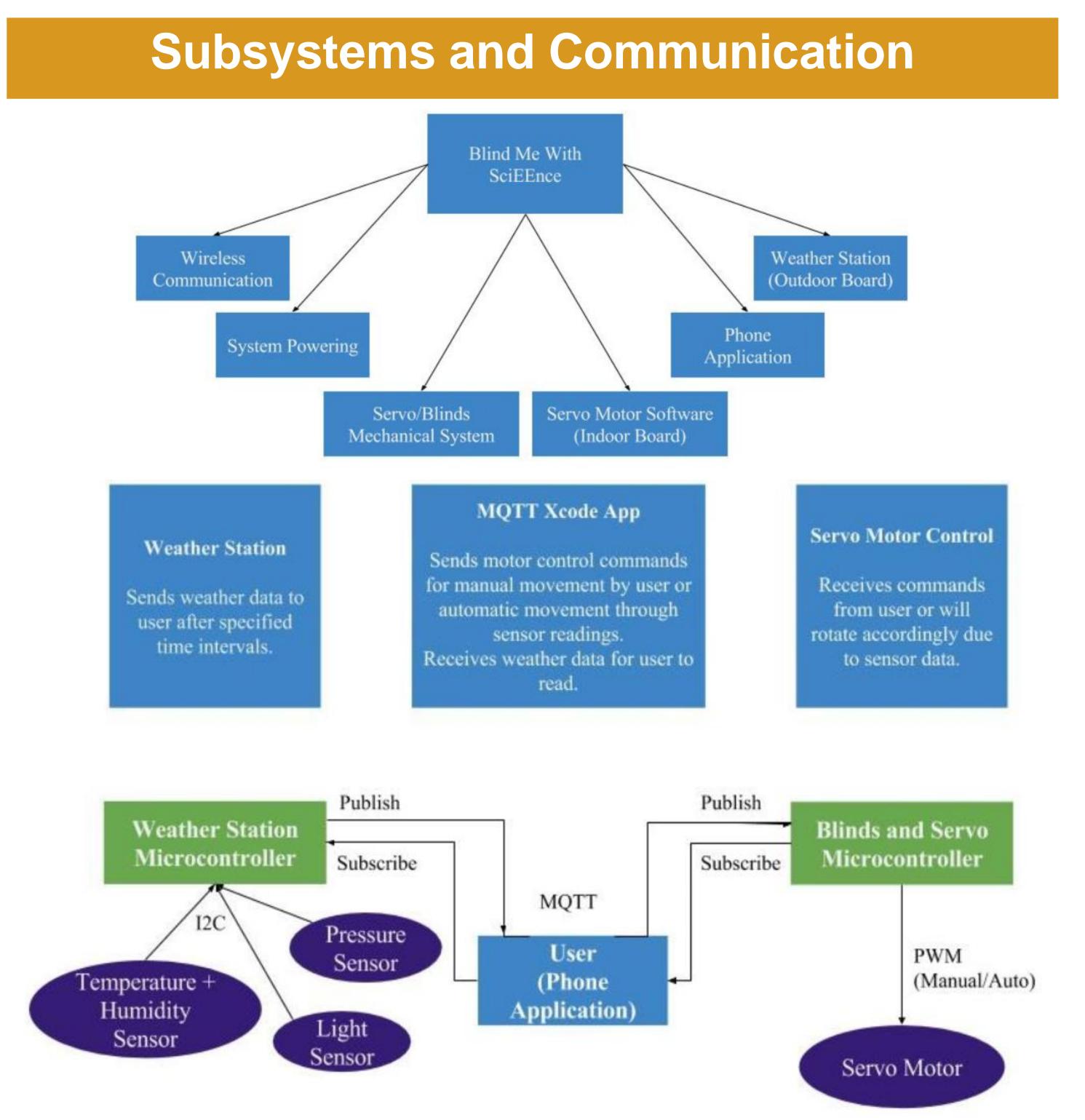
Efficiently powers weather station through MPPT so battery rarely needs replaced

Mechanical Design

- Modified blinds frame altered to accommodate our hardware Indoor board fits in blinds, outdoor board mounted outside

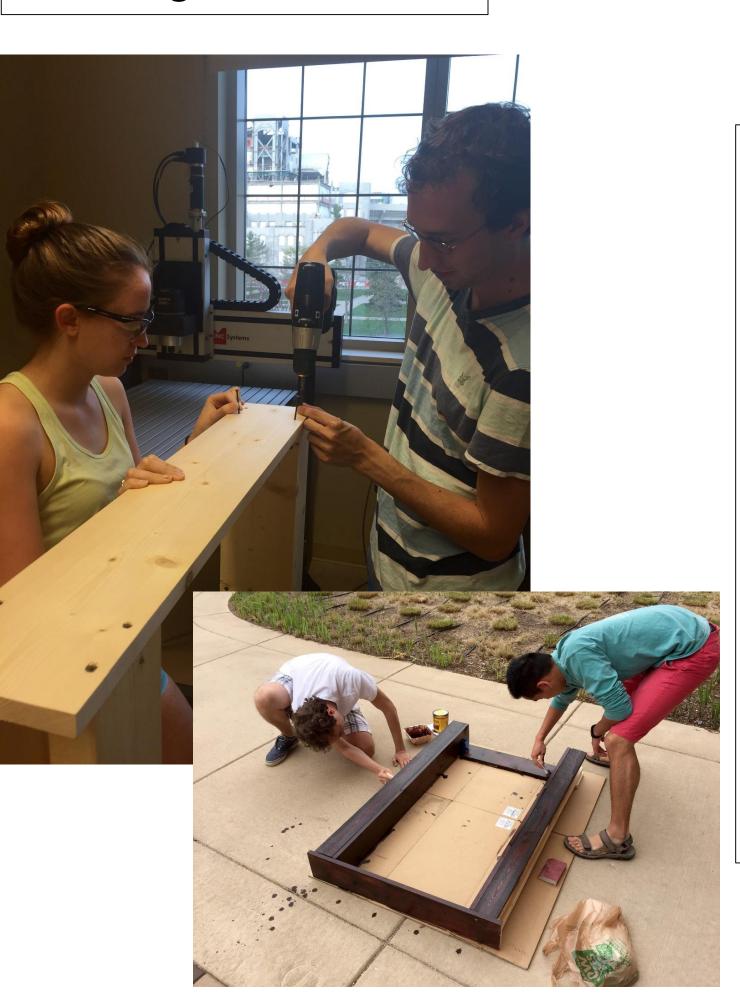
Mobile Application

- The iOS app acts as the user interface for the project Allows the user to manually rotate blinds or put them in
- "automation" mode
- Displays weather data in a user-friendly manner



Phase IV – Board Design

- Used Eagle to design both boards according to system requirements and layout
- considerations
- Confirmed list of components for boards and final design

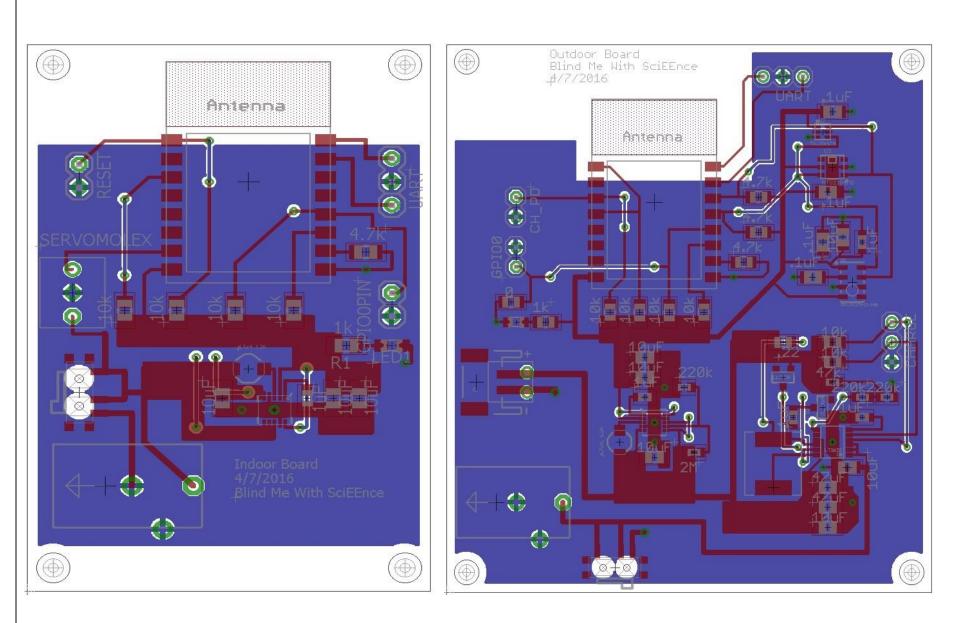


Phase VI – Final Product

- Soldered and tested each board's functionality
- Fully integrated all subsystems for demonstration
- Tweaked software design to improve robustness of product
- Created website and wrote final documentation

Check us out! http://seniordesign.ee.nd.edu/

...to the Final Product



Phase V – Construction Obtained materials to construct final blinds frame

- Attached servo and mount to hex rod spline
- Decided on transparent enclosure case for
- outdoor weather station Stained frame and added gloss for aesthetic purposes



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